

# NMDA?4 Polyclonal Antibody

Cat No: HR1AP6772

For research use only

## Overview

Product Name	NMDA?4 Polyclonal Antibody
Source	Rabbit
Applications	IHC-p,ELISA
Species Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Recommended Dilutions	
Immunogen	
Species	Rabbit
Storage	-20°C/1 year
Isotype	
Clonality	
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	kDa
GeneID?Human?	GRIN2D
Human Swiss-Prot No.	
Cellular localization	
Alternative Names	GRIN2D; GluN2D; NMDAR2D; Glutamate [NMDA] receptor subunit epsilon-4; EB11; N-methyl D-aspartate receptor subtype 2D; NMDAR2D; NR2D
Background	glutamate ionotropic receptor NMDA type subunit 2D(GRIN2D) Homo sapiens N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors are a class of ionotropic glutamate receptors. NMDA channel has been shown to be involved in long-term potentiation, an activity-dependent increase in the efficiency of synaptic transmission thought to underlie certain kinds of memory and learning. NMDA receptor channels are heteromers composed of the key receptor subunit NMDAR1 (GRIN1) and 1 or more of the 4 NMDAR2 subunits: NMDAR2A (GRIN2A), NMDAR2B (GRIN2B), NMDAR2C (GRIN2C), and NMDAR2D (GRIN2D). [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010],