

V-ATPase H Polyclonal Antibody

Cat No: HR1AP4800

For research use only

Overview

Product Name	V-ATPase H Polyclonal Antibody
Source	Rabbit
Applications	WB,IHC-p,ELISA
Species Reactivity	Human,Mouse
Recommended Dilutions	
Immunogen	
Species	Rabbit
Storage	-20°C/1 year
Isotype	
Clonality	
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	55kDa
GeneID?Human?	ATP6V1H
Human Swiss-Prot No.	
Cellular localization	
Alternative Names	ATP6V1H; CGI-11; V-type proton ATPase subunit H; V-ATPase subunit H; Nef-binding protein 1; NBP1; Protein VMA13 homolog; V-ATPase 50/57 kDa subunits; Vacuolar proton pump subunit H; Vacuolar proton pu
Background	ATPase H ⁺ transporting V1 subunit H(ATP6V1H) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of intracellular organelles. V-ATPase-dependent organelle acidification is necessary for multiple processes including protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. The encoded protein is the regulatory H subunit of the V1 domain of V-ATPase, which is required for catalysis of ATP but not the assembly of V-ATPase. Decreased expression of this gene may play a role in the development of type 2 diabetes. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2012],