

KHDR3 Polyclonal Antibody

Cat No: HR1AP10868

For research use only

Overview

Product Name	KHDR3 Polyclonal Antibody
Source	Rabbit
Applications	WB,ELISA
Species Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Recommended Dilutions	
Immunogen	
Species	Rabbit
Storage	-20°C/1 year
Isotype	
Clonality	
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	38kDa
GeneID?Human?	KHDRBS3 SALP SLM2
Human Swiss-Prot No.	
Cellular localization	
Alternative Names	
Background	<p>domain:The proline-rich site binds the SH3 domain of the p85 subunit of PI3-kinase.,function:RNA-binding protein that plays a role in the regulation of alternative splicing and influences mRNA splice site selection and exon inclusion. May play a role as a negative regulator of cell growth. Inhibits cell proliferation. Involved in splice site selection of vascular endothelial growth factor. Induces an increased concentration-dependent incorporation of exon in CD44 pre-mRNA by direct binding to purine-rich exonic enhancer. RNA-binding abilities are down-regulated by tyrosine kinase PTK6. Involved in post-transcriptional regulation of HIV-1 gene expression.,induction:Induced in proteinuric diseases. Down-regulated in immortalized fibroblasts isolated after a proliferative crisis accompanied with massive cell death.,PTM:Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues. Isoform 1 C-terminal region is tyrosine-rich, but isoform 2 lacking this C-terminal region is also tyrosine-phosphorylated.,similarity:Belongs to the KHDRBS family.,similarity:Contains 1 KH domain.,subcellular location:Localized in a compartment adjacent to the nucleolus, but distinct from the peri-nucleolar one.,subunit:Self-associates to form homo-oligomers. Interacts with the splicing regulatory proteins SFRS9, SAFB and YTHDC1. Interacts also with HNRPL and SLM1/KHDRBS2 (By similarity). Interacts with KHDRBS1, RBMX, RBMY1A1 and with p85 subunit of PI3-kinase. Interacts also with SIAH1 which promotes targeting for degradation.,tissue specificity:Ubiquitous with higher expression in testis, skeletal muscle and brain. Expressed in the kidney only in podocytes, the glomerular epithelial cells of the kidney. Strongly expressed after meiosis.,</p>