

CD13 Polyclonal Antibody

Cat No: HR1AP6756

For research use only

Overview

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| Product Name | CD13 Polyclonal Antibody |
| Source | Rabbit |
| Applications | WB,IHC-p,ELISA |
| Species Reactivity | Human |
| Recommended Dilutions | |
| Immunogen | |
| Species | Rabbit |
| Storage | -20°C/1 year |
| Isotype | |
| Clonality | |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml |
| Observed band | 110kDa |
| GeneID?Human? | ANPEP |
| Human Swiss-Prot No. | |
| Cellular localization | |
| Alternative Names | ANPEP; APN; CD13; PEPN; Aminopeptidase N; AP-N; hAPN; Alanyl aminopeptidase; Aminopeptidase M; AP-M; Microsomal aminopeptidase; Myeloid plasma membrane glycoprotein CD13; gp150; CD antigen CD13 |
| Background | <p>alanyl aminopeptidase, membrane(ANPEP) Homo sapiens Aminopeptidase N is located in the small-intestinal and renal microvillar membrane, and also in other plasma membranes. In the small intestine aminopeptidase N plays a role in the final digestion of peptides generated from hydrolysis of proteins by gastric and pancreatic proteases. Its function in proximal tubular epithelial cells and other cell types is less clear. The large extracellular carboxyterminal domain contains a pentapeptide consensus sequence characteristic of members of the zinc-binding metalloproteinase superfamily. Sequence comparisons with known enzymes of this class showed that CD13 and aminopeptidase N are identical. The latter enzyme was thought to be involved in the metabolism of regulatory peptides by diverse cell types, including small intestinal and renal tubular epithelial cells, macrophages, granulocytes, and synaptic membranes from the CNS. Human aminopeptidase N is</p> |